









### MUNICIPAL STORMWATER PERMITS

Western Washington Phase I and Phase II Municipal Stormwater Permits



#### TODAYS AGENDA









10:00 – Introduction and overview of S1 – S4

10:45 - Break

11:00 - SWMP for Phase II permit

12:30 - Lunch

1:30 - Q&A

2:00 - Overview of \$6 - \$9

3:00 - Phase I Permit

3:30 – Wrap-up and next steps











### INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW OF PERMITS

- Introduction
- History/background
- S1- Permit Coverage Area and Permittees
- S2 Authorized Discharges
- S3 Responsibilities of Permittees
- S4 Compliance With Standards











#### INTRODUCTION

- Permit development process
  - Preliminary draft permit/final permit
- Permit development schedule
  - Public comment period on draft permits:
    February 15 May 19, 2006
  - Permit issuance no earlier than late
    September 2006











# Public Workshops and Hearing

Workshops - General

3/31 – Mount Vernon (W. WA)

4/4 - Tacoma (W. WA)

4/11 - Vancouver (W. WA)

4/18 – Bellevue (W. WA)

Public Hearing5/2 – Tacoma (W. WA)



### History/Context









- 1987 CWA Amendments
- Puget Sound Water Quality Management Plan ('86)
- Phase I Municipal Stormwater Permits
- EPA Phase II Rules
- Tri-County ESA response
- 2004 Report to the Legislature











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## S1 – Permit Coverage Area and Permittees

- Geographic Area
- Jurisdictions
- Applications











## S1 – Permit Coverage Area and Permittees

### What must be regulated?

 Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s) located within census defined urbanized areas<sup>1</sup> and which discharge to surface waters

1. Phase II only, phase I applies to entire jurisdiction.











#### What is an MS4?

### Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System or MS4:

A conveyance or system of conveyances (including roads with drainage systems, municipal streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, man-made channels, or storm drains) which is:

- Owned by a State, City, County, or other public entity; and
- Designed or used for collecting or conveying stormwater.











## Census Defined Urbanized Area

A central place (or places) and the adjacent densely settled surrounding territory that together have a minimum residential population of 50,000 people and a minimum average density of 1,000 people per square mile.











## Census Defined Urbanized Areas in Washington

- Bellingham
- Bremerton
- Longview/Kelso
- Marysville
- Mount Vernon
- Olympia/Lacey
- Seattle











### Phase I - Area Covered

- Entire unincorporated area of Clark, King, Pierce, and Snohomish Counties, and
- Area within the cities of Seattle and Tacoma





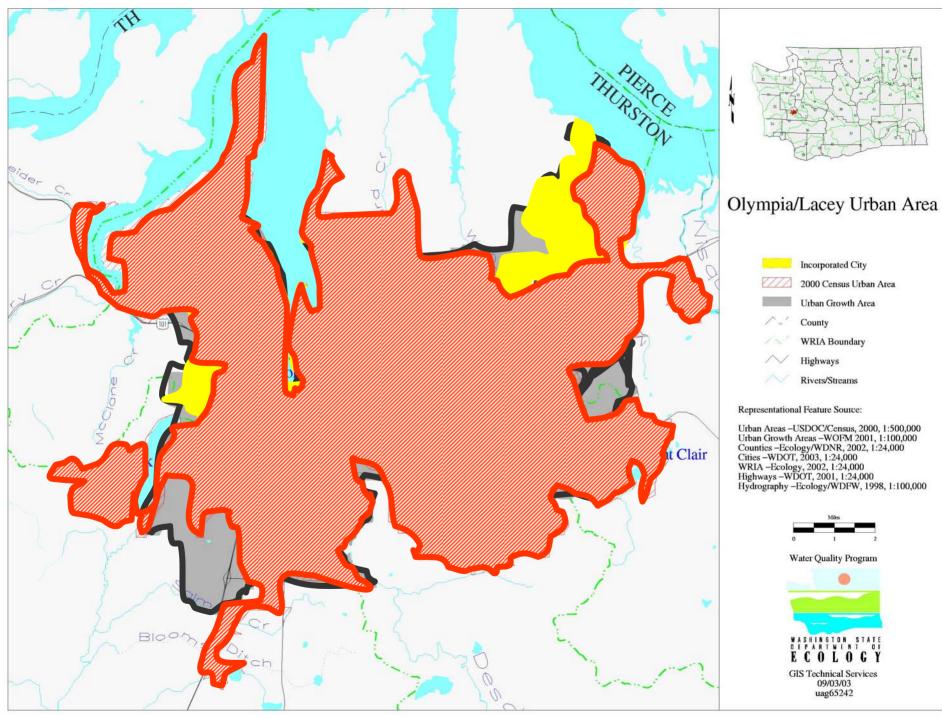


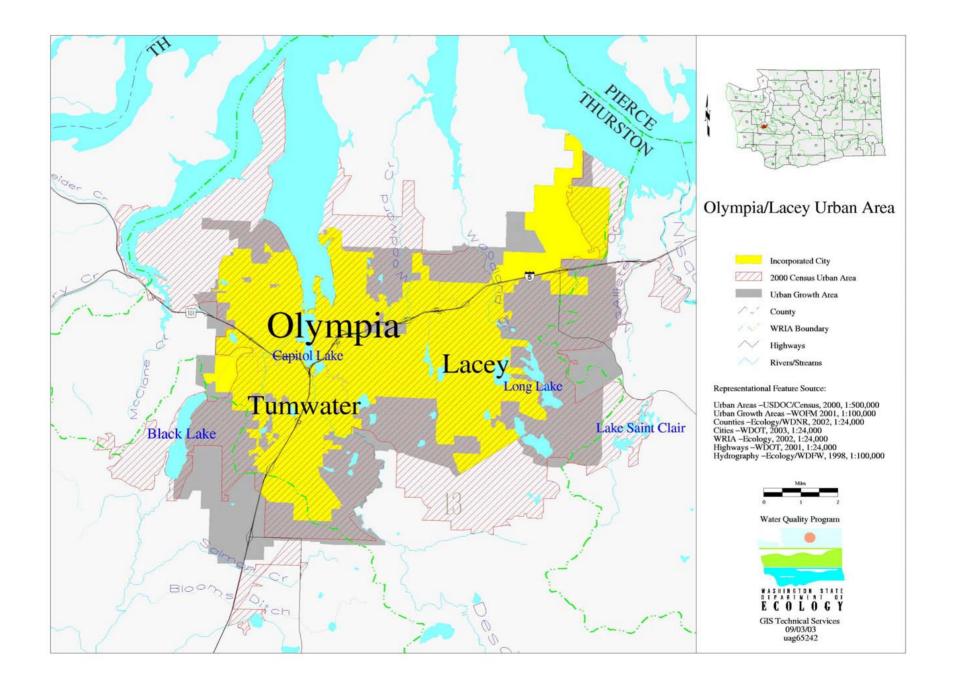




### Phase II - Area Covered

- Census defined urban areas
- For regulated cities; entire incorporated city
- For regulated counties; area is census defined urban areas and associated urban growth areas















## Phase I Municipal Stormwater

Publicly owned storm sewers located in:

- King, Pierce, Snohomish, and Clark counties,
- The cities of Seattle and Tacoma, and
- Secondary permittees within those jurisdictions











## Phase II Cities and Counties

- 81 Cities\*
- 5 Counties\*
- Secondary permittees
  - The number above includes the Aberdeen, Anacortes, Centralia, Oak Harbor and Port Angeles. See S1.D.2.a of the phase II permit for a complete list.











### Secondary Permittees - Phase I and Phase II

#### Examples include:

- Ports
- Universities (public only)
- Drainage districts
- Flood control districts
- WSDOT (will be covered under a separate permit)











### S1 – Applications

- Applications were due March 10, 2003
- Applications or notice of intent (NOIs) submitted after 2/15/06 must include public notice of the application











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Discharges from municipal separate storm sewers located within the geographic area covered by the permit.

- Discharges to:
  - Surface waters Federal and State law
  - Ground waters State law











Discharges from municipal separate storm sewers located within the geographic area covered by the permit.

- Geographic area:
  - Phase I entire city and entire unincorporated county
  - Phase II entire city, and unincorporated county within UGA or census defined urban area
  - Secondary permittees area served by the secondary permittees MS4



#### What is **NOT** covered –









- Direct discharges to surface or ground water from privately owned storm sewers
- Sediment and erosion control from sites less than 1 acre (phase II only)
- Post construction stormwater from new development and re-development from sites less than 1 acre (phase II only)











"Permits for municipal storm sewers shall include a requirement to effectively prohibit non-stormwater discharges into the storm sewers."

(§ 1342(p)(3)(B)(ii) of the federal Clean Water Act)











- New discharges must receive all applicable state and local permits including compliance with SEPA
- Stormwater discharges from industrial or construction sites authorized if the discharge is covered under one of Ecology's permits.
- Process wastewater is authorized if it is authorized by another NPDES permit











- Discharges from emergency firefighting activities are authorized, discharges associated with firefighting training activities are not
- Some other non-stormwater discharges are conditionally authorized











## Relationship to Other Permits

- Construction Stormwater General Permit
- Industrial Stormwater General Permit
- Under Ground Injection Control Program











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## S3 – Responsibilities of Permittees

- Cities, towns and counties must comply with all conditions of the permit except S6
  - Stormwater Management Program for Secondary Permittees
- Secondary Permittees must comply with everything except S5 – <u>Stormwater</u> <u>Management Program for Cities, Towns,</u> <u>and Counties</u>; and S8 – <u>Monitoring</u>











## S3 – Responsibilities of Permittees

 Permittees may rely on another entity to meet one or more of the requirements of the permit.











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## S4 – Compliance with Standards

 Discharge of toxicants which would violate state water quality standards is prohibited (RCW 90.48.520)











## S4 – Compliance with Standards

 Permit does not authorize violations of state water quality standards including surface, ground, or sediment standards











## S4 – Compliance with Standards

#### Compliance with the permit constitutes:

- Compliance with the federal maximum extent practicable (MEP) standard;
- Compliance with the state all known, available and reasonable methods of prevention, control and treatment (AKART) standard
- Progress towards compliance with state water quality standards



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